

UNIQUE IAS STUDY CIRCLE

UPSC Q.C.A

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What is ST/SC prevention of atrocities amendment bill? what will be its major concerns on Indian society?

Overruling the apex court's decision on the ST/SC bill, the Lok Sabha renewed the ST/SC prevention of atrocities amendment bill in 2018. The new bill provides no provision for an anticipatory

bail for the accused, neither ~~it~~ did it ~~allow~~ ^{allow} the preliminary enquiry to be done before a criminal case and unlike the SC's decision of getting a permission from the appointing authority before arrest of a public servant ^{143 CM} was accepted.

An FIR will be directly filed on the basis of the complaints filed by the Saiths or Tribal communities ^{265 CM}

More or less this act seems to be biased towards the Saith or tribal community, and the rights of the people belonging to the general category are neglected severely.

Apart from the rights of people of general category being neglected, it has also created an angry atmosphere of fear in them.

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Filing an FR and arresting somebody just on the basis of a complaint which is not even proved right is not fair on the part of people. This has disastrous repercussions as it might also end the career of the accused, put his/his family in trouble and will spoil the goodwill of the accused forever closing all the doors of opportunities and prospects of growth for him/his.

More or less, more practical amendments are expected to be seen in this area as this act currently seems to be just a tactic of the winning party for vote bank instead of an act for the welfare of all instead of ST/SC alone.

Some revisions in it can act as a good device for development for the ration, people and in even ending corruption and false complaints to stop the exploitation.

* write the impacts also. → FR is mainly for
of proper representation isn't there → convicted etc

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लिखें
उम्मीद
कandidates
must
not write
on
this margin