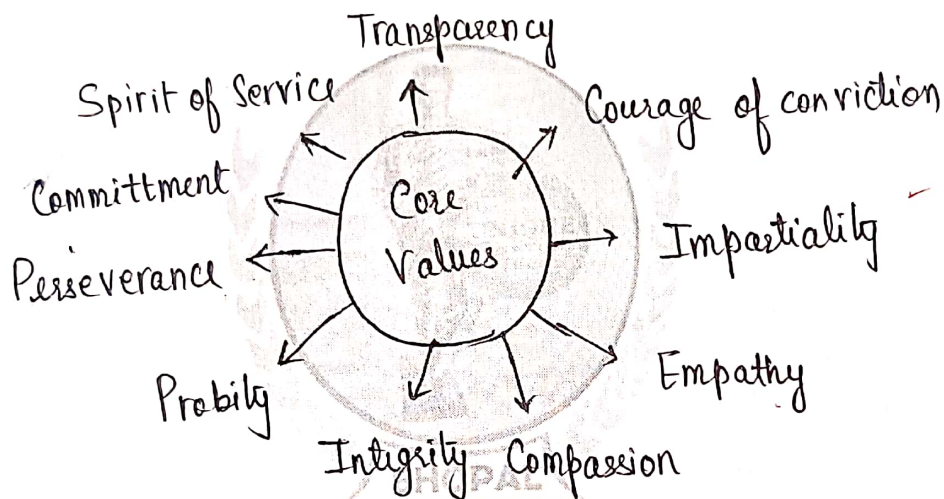


Q. Discuss the ethical Base of Public Administration.

Ethics are the morals and virtues a person embarks as a human being, which are highly essential for a public servant to make this government answerable, responsible and accountable of its doing.

The foremost values/Ethics required for Public Administration are:



Such values shall be inculcated as public servants which came into being after UK's Nolan Committee discussed such virtues importance for their Administration.

We get such education also through the 4th Report of 2nd ARC, where the mention of these core values is done.

As of more to add to this, Ethics in government institution may also include many more aspects such as:

1> A Corruption-free Administration:

It can be attained from a virtue called as Transparency concept from the matters of ~~National~~ National Security and Defence (confidential for the sake of state)

Transparency
↓ (leads to)
Public disclosure of everything
↓ (leads to)
Reducing the chances of corruption
in the complex hierarchy system.

2> Discrimination-free Public Services:

Articles 14-19 in the constitution talks about the fundamental rights of the individuals of the country without any discrimination on the basis of caste, color and gender, for all.

No discrimination to any
community
↓
Service - provided-to - all
↓
Public Welfare.

3> Administrative Discretions:

At times officers have to make a choice over
Rules < Administrative Discretions
for the betterment of the public, so that equally
everyone is served.

4) Meritorious Selection:

Merit > Nepotism

It should be mandatory for public servants to offer means of opportunities based on merits and not favouring their own members or relatives.

Such concepts resolves situations in morally satisfactory manner.

E✓

