

State Polity-UPSC Pre-2023

**Q- Consider the following statements:**

**Statement-1: In India, prisons are managed State Governments with their own rules and regulations for the day-to-day administration of prisons.**

**Statement-II: In India, prisons are governed by the Prisons Act, 1894 which expressly kept the subject of prisons in the control of Provincial Governments.**

**Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?**

**[a] Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-1**

**[b] Both Statement-1 and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-1**

**[c] Statement-1 is correct but Statement-II is incorrect**

**[d] Statement-1 is incorrect but Statement-II is correct**

**Q- Consider the following organizations/bodies in India:**

- 1. The National Commission for Backward Classes**
- 2. The National Human Commission Rights**
- 3. The National Law Commission**
- 4. The National Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission**

**How many of the above are constitutional bodies?**

**[a] Only one**

**[b] Only two**

**[c] Only three**

**[d] All four**

**Q- With reference to "Scheduled Areas" in India, consider the following statements::**

**1. Within a State, the notification of an area as Scheduled Area takes place through an Order of the President.**

**2. The largest administrative unit forming the Scheduled Area is the District and the lowest is the cluster of villages in the Block.**

**3. The Chief Ministers of the Concerned States are required to submit annual reports to the union Home Ministry on the administration of Scheduled Areas in the States.**

**How many of the above statements are correct?**

**[a] Only one**

**[b] Only two**

**[c] All three**

**[d] None**

**Q- Consider the following statements in respect of election to the President of India:**

**1. The members nominated to either House of the Parliament or the Legislative Assemblies of States are also eligible to be included in the Electoral College.**

2. Higher the number of elective Assembly seats, higher is the value of vote of each MLA of that State.

3. The value of vote of each MLA of Madhya Pradesh is greater than that of Kerala.

4. The value of vote of each MLA of Puducherry is higher than that of Arunachal Pradesh because the ratio of total population to total number of elective Puducherry is greater as compared to Arunachal Pradesh.

How many of the above statements are correct?

[a] Only one

[b] Only two

[c] Only three

[d] All four

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